**Background for the Enhanced Insertion Sort Routine**

The procedure was first written in FORTRAN when I worked for Grumman Aerospace.

I was introduced to the insertion sort by my mentor Francis J. Nolan.

He told me that he had to compose the algorithm for a job interview.

As I was coding the algorithm I realized that the procedure would have a much broader application if it were written to generate a permutation array which could then be applied as a sort operator.

I made use of this algorithm, which I named AORDER, during my entire career at Grumman.

Now that I am a Senior Excel VBA Developer, I started to refactor my FORTRAN codes.

As I began this task I realized that just converting FORTRAN to VBA would not be the complete answer.

I saw that the all the refactored routines needed to deal with Arrays for both input and output.

In the context of Excel, the ultimate input and output would be to spreadsheet Ranges,

But there would be many circumstances when the output array from one process would be then passed to another procedure without having to be passed back and forth to a spreadsheet range.

**An Enhanced VBA Insertion Sort Procedure**

The basic insertion sort algorithm is very direct.

Given a partial list of values which are sorted the algorithm seeks to add a new value to the sorted list.

This task takes two steps:

Search over the sorted list to determine where the new value belongs.

Split the sorted list to make room for the new value.

These two steps are repeated until the entire list of data values is sorted.

**The essential features of this procedure are:**

It generates a stable sort which keeps elements that have the same value in the same order as they were in the original list.

It generates a permutation array which can be applied as a sorting operator.

The original data is unchanged.

This resulting sorting operator can be used to generate compound sort operators.

**A number of operational tweaks have been made to enhance the performance of the sorting process:**

**The procedure is presented as two distinct subroutines,** **one for Hi\_To\_Lo sorting and another for Lo\_To\_Hi.**

This modification lets the algorithm to keep track of the latest inserted value and its location in the permutation array.

This information facilitates the search for the next insertion location.

So instead of having to search the entire list of sorted values, it can search from either the current minimum to the latest insertion or from the latest insertion to the current maximum.

The storage for the permutation array is initially set to double the size of the values array.

By starting the permutation array in the middle, the permutation array can be split to incorporate the new insertion by moving the shortest part of the permutation array. Either moving the permutation array down below the insertion point or moving the permutation array up above the insertion point.

**One set of routines is required for sorting strings and another for sorting numerical values**.